



FEATURES

- Complete microphone conditioner in a 10-lead package
- Single 3 V operation
- Low shutdown current $< 2 \mu\text{A}$
- Adjustable noise gate threshold
- Adjustable compression ratio
- Automatic limiting feature prevents ADC overload
- Low noise and distortion: 0.2% THD + N
- 20 kHz bandwidth

APPLICATIONS

- Desktop, portable, or palmtop computers
- Telephone conferencing
- Communication headsets
- Two-way communications
- Surveillance systems
- Karaoke and DJ mixers

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The SSM2167 is a complete and flexible solution for conditioning microphone inputs in personal electronics and computer audio systems. It is also excellent for improving vocal clarity in communications and public address systems. A low noise voltage controlled amplifier (VCA) provides a gain that is dynamically adjusted by a control loop to maintain a set compression characteristic. The compression ratio is set by a single resistor and can be varied from 1:1 to over 10:1 relative to the fixed rotation point. Signals above the rotation point are limited to prevent overload and to eliminate popping. A downward expander (noise gate) prevents amplification of background noise or hum. This results in optimized signal levels prior to digitization, thereby eliminating the need for additional gain or attenuation in the digital domain. The flexibility of setting the compression ratio and the time constant of the level detector, coupled with two values of rotation point, make the SSM2167 easy to integrate in a wide variety of microphone conditioning applications.

The device is available in a 10-lead MSOP package, and is guaranteed for operation over the extended industrial temperature range of -40°C to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$.

PIN CONFIGURATION

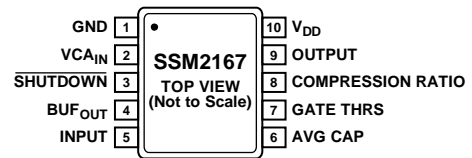


Figure 1. 10-Lead MSOP (RM Suffix)

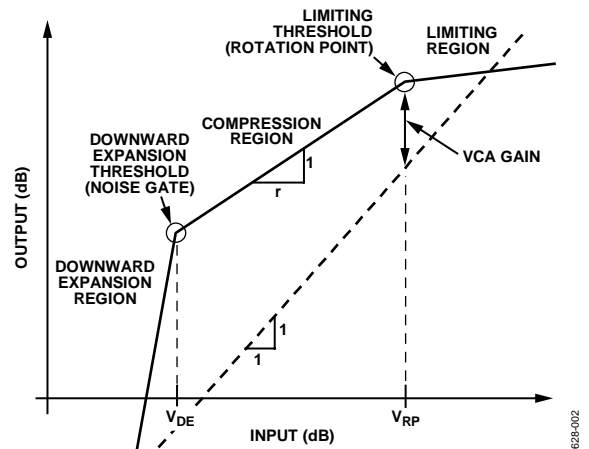


Figure 2. General Input/Output Characteristics

Rev. G

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REVISION HISTORY

9/11—Rev. F to Rev. G

Changes to Ordering Guide	11
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2/11—Rev. E to Rev. F

Added Storage Temperature Range Parameter to Table 2.....	4
Deleted Figure 15; Renumbered Figures Sequentially.....	7
Change to Level Detector Section and Figure 17	9
Updated Outline Dimensions	11

6/09—Rev. D to Rev. E

Change to Signal Path Section	8
Updated Outline Dimensions	11

2/09—Rev. C to Rev. D

Changes to Figure 4, Figure 5, Figure 6, and Figure 7	5
Changes to Ordering Guide	11

11/07—Rev. B to Rev. C

Updated Format.....	Universal
Changes to PSRR	3

Updated Outline Dimensions.....	11
Changes to Ordering Guide	11

9/03—Rev. A to Rev. B

Deleted SSM2167-2 Model.....	Universal
Changes to Ordering Guide	3
Edits to Figure 2 and Figure 3.....	6
Updated Outline Dimensions.....	9

3/02—Rev. 0 to Rev. A

Edits to Specifications	2
Edits to Figure 2 and Figure 3.....	6

7/01—Revision 0: Initial Version

SPECIFICATIONS

$V_S = 3.0\text{ V}$, $f = 1\text{ kHz}$, $R_L = 100\text{ k}\Omega$, $R_{COMP} = 0\ \Omega$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{IN} = 100\text{ mV rms}$, $R_{GATE} = 2\text{ k}\Omega$, unless otherwise noted.

Table 1.

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions/Comments	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
AUDIO SIGNAL PATH						
Voltage Noise Density	e_n	10:1 compression		20		nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
Noise		20 kHz bandwidth, $V_{IN} = \text{GND}$		-70		dBV
Total Harmonic Distortion + Noise	THD + N	$V_{IN} = 100\text{ mV rms}$		0.2		%
Input Impedance	Z_{IN}			100		k Ω
Output Impedance	Z_{OUT}			145		Ω
Load Drive		Minimum resistive load		5		k Ω
		Maximum capacitive load		2		nF
Input Voltage Range		0.4% THD + N		600		mV rms
Output Voltage Range		0.4% THD + N		700		mV rms
Gain Bandwidth Product		1:1 compression, VCA G = 18 dB		1		MHz
CONTROL SECTION						
VCA Dynamic Gain Range				40		dB
VCA Fixed Gain				18		dB
Compression Ratio, Minimum				1:1		
Compression Ratio, Maximum		See Table 4 for R_{COMP}		10:1		
Rotation Point				63		mV rms
Noise Gate Range		Maximum threshold		-40		dBV
POWER SUPPLY						
Supply Voltage	V_{SY}		2.5		5.5	V
Supply Current	I_{SY}			2.3	5	mA
DC Output Voltage				1.4		V
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	$V_{SY} = 2.5\text{ V to }6\text{ V}$		45		dB
SHUTDOWN						
Supply Current	I_{SY}	Pin 3 = GND		2	8	μA

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Table 2.

Parameter	Rating
Supply Voltage	6 V
Input Voltage	6 V
Operating Temperature Range	-40°C to +85°C
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to +150°C
Junction Temperature	150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec)	300°C
883 (Human Body) Model	500 V

Stresses above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational section of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

THERMAL RESISTANCE

θ_{JA} is specified for worst-case conditions, that is, θ_{JA} is specified for a device soldered in a 4-layer circuit board for surface-mount packages.

Table 3.

Package Type	θ_{JA}	θ_{JC}	Unit
10-Lead MSOP (RM)	180	35	°C/W

ESD CAUTION



ESD (electrostatic discharge) sensitive device.

Charged devices and circuit boards can discharge without detection. Although this product features patented or proprietary protection circuitry, damage may occur on devices subjected to high energy ESD. Therefore, proper ESD precautions should be taken to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality.

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS



Figure 3. Noise Gate vs. R_{GATE}

02628-003

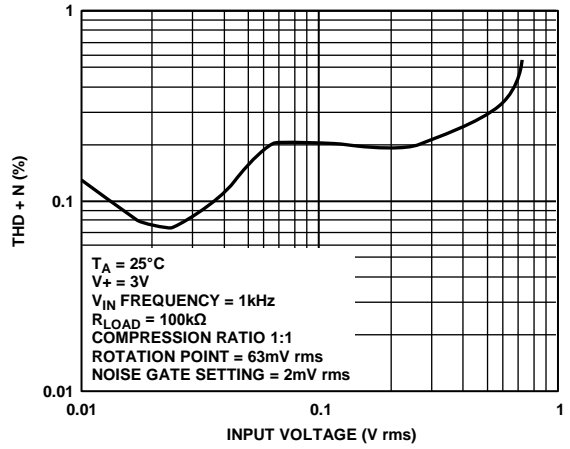


Figure 6. THD + N vs. Input Voltage

02628-006



Figure 4. THD + N vs. Frequency

02628-004



Figure 7. Output vs. Input Characteristics

02628-007



Figure 5. GBW Curves vs. VCA Gain

02628-005



Figure 8. PSRR vs. Frequency

02628-008

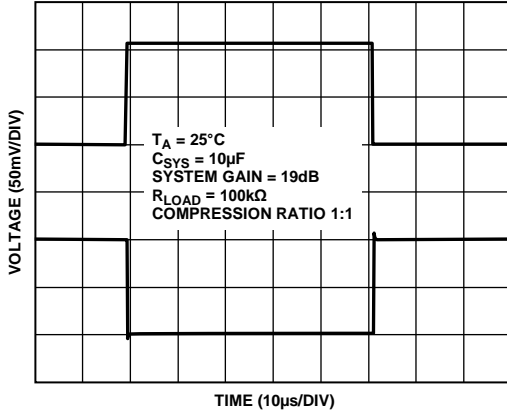


Figure 9. Small Signal Transient Response

02628-009

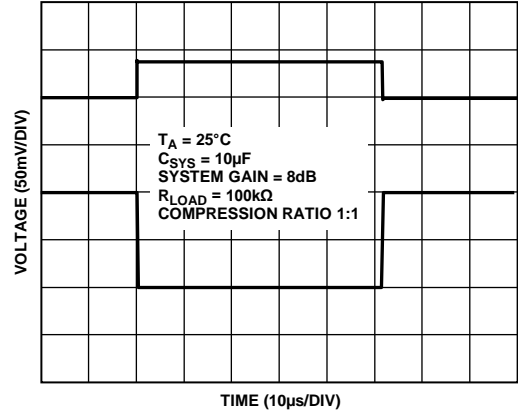


Figure 11. Small Signal Transient Response

02628-011

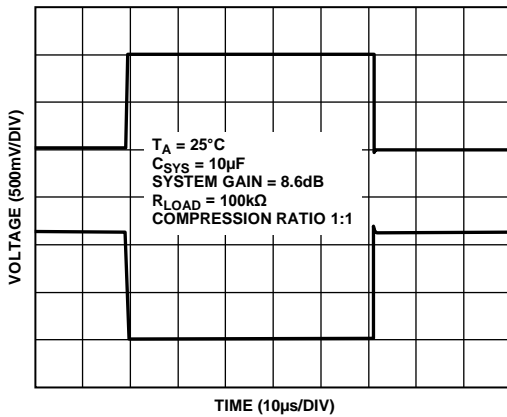


Figure 10. Large Signal Transient Response

02628-010

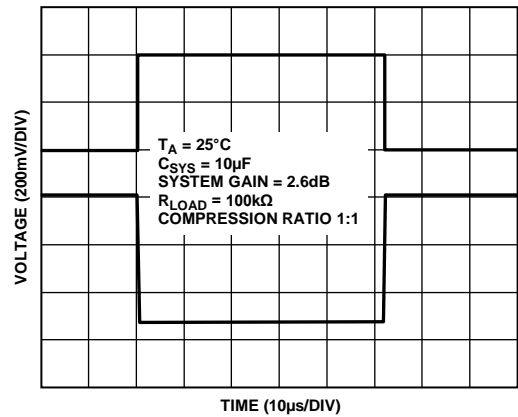


Figure 12. Large Signal Transient Response

02628-012



Figure 13. RMS Level Detector Performance with $C_{AVG} = 22 \mu F$

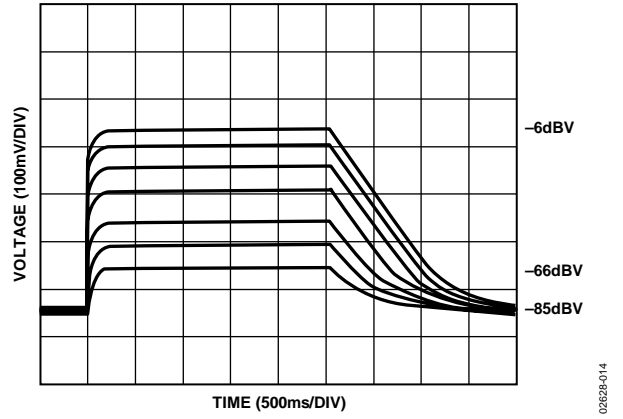


Figure 14. RMS Level Detector Performance with $C_{AVG} = 2.2 \mu F$

LEVEL DETECTOR

The SSM2167 incorporates a full-wave rectifier and a true rms level detector circuit whose averaging time constant is set by an external capacitor (C_{AVG}) connected to the AVG CAP (Pin 6). For optimal low frequency operation of the level detector down to 10 Hz, the value of the capacitor should be 2.2 μ F. Some experimentation with larger values for C_{AVG} may be necessary to reduce the effects of excessive low frequency ambient background noise. The value of the averaging capacitor affects sound quality: too small a value for this capacitor may cause a pumping effect for some signals, whereas too large a value can result in slow response times to signal dynamics. Electrolytic capacitors are recommended here for lowest cost and should be in the range of 2 μ F to 22 μ F.

The rms detector filter time constant is approximately given by $10 \times C_{AVG}$ milliseconds where C_{AVG} is in μ F. This time constant controls both the steady state averaging in the rms detector as well as the release time for compression, that is, the time it takes for the system gain to increase due to a decrease in input signal. The attack time, the time it takes for the gain to be reduced because of a sudden increase in input level, is controlled mainly by internal circuitry that speeds up the attack for large level changes. In most cases, this limits overload time to less than 35 ms.

The performance of the rms level detector is illustrated in Figure 14 for a C_{AVG} of 2.2 μ F and Figure 13 for a C_{AVG} of 22 μ F. In Figure 13 and Figure 14, the input signal to the SSM2167 (not shown) is a series of tone bursts in six successive 10 dB steps. The tone bursts range from -66 dBV (0.5 mV rms) to -6 dBV (0.5 V rms). As illustrated in these figures, the attack time of the rms level detector is dependent only on C_{AVG} , but the release times are linear ramps whose decay times are dependent on both C_{AVG} and the input signal step size. The rate of release is approximately 240 dB/s for a C_{AVG} of 2.2 μ F, and 12 dB/s for a C_{AVG} of 22 μ F.

CONTROL CIRCUITRY

The output of the rms level detector is a signal proportional to the log of the true rms value of the buffer output with an added dc offset. The control circuitry subtracts a dc voltage from this signal, scales it, and sends the result to the VCA to control the gain. The gain control of the VCA is logarithmic—a linear change in control signal causes a dB change in gain. It is this control law that allows linear processing of the log rms signal to provide the flat compression characteristic on the input/output characteristic shown in Figure 2.

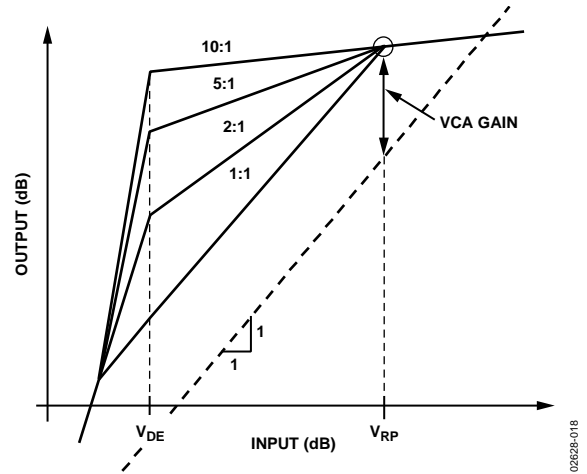


Figure 17. Effect of Varying the Compression Ratio

SETTING THE COMPRESSION RATIO

Changing the scaling of the control signal fed to the VCA causes a change in the circuit compression ratio, r . This effect is shown in Figure 17. Connecting a resistor (R_{COMP}) between Pin 8 and V_{DD} sets the compression ratio. Lowering R_{COMP} gives smaller compression ratios as indicated in Table 4. AGC performance is achieved with compression ratios between 2:1 and 10:1, and is dependent on the application. Shorting R_{COMP} disables the AGC function, setting the compression equal to 1:1. If using a compression resistor, using a value greater than 5 k Ω is recommended. If a value lower than 5 k Ω is used, the device may interpret this as a short, 0 Ω .

Table 4. Setting Compression Ratio

Compression Ratio	Value of R_{COMP}
1:1	0 Ω (short to V+)
2:1	15 k Ω
3:1	35 k Ω
5:1	75 k Ω
10:1	175 k Ω

SETTING THE NOISE GATE THRESHOLD (DOWNWARD EXPANSION)

The noise gate threshold is a programmable point using an external resistor (R_{GATE}) that is connected between Pin 7 (GATE THRS) and V_{DD} . The downward expansion threshold may be set between -40 dBV and -55 dBV, as shown in Table 5. The downward expansion threshold is inversely proportional to the value of this resistance: setting this resistance to $0\ \Omega$ sets the threshold at approximately 10 mV rms (-40 dBV), whereas a $5\text{ k}\Omega$ resistance sets the threshold at approximately 1 mV rms (-55 dBV). This relationship is illustrated in Figure 18. It is not recommended to use more than $5\text{ k}\Omega$ for the R_{GATE} resistor because the noise floor of the SSM2167 prevents the noise gate from being lowered further without causing problems.

Table 5. Setting Noise Gate Threshold

Noise Gate (dBV)	Value of R_{GATE}
-40	$0\ \Omega$ (short to V_{+})
-48	$1\text{ k}\Omega$
-54	$2\text{ k}\Omega$
-55	$5\text{ k}\Omega$

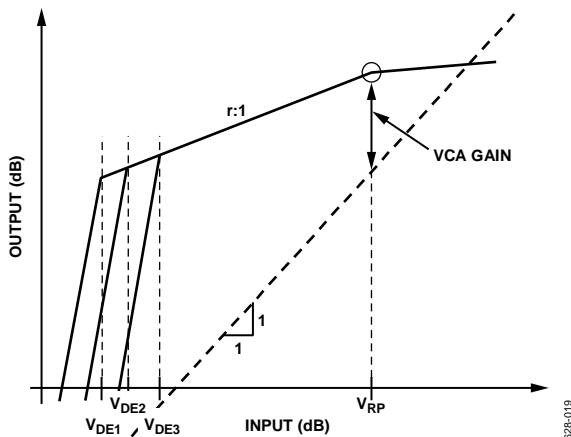


Figure 18. Effects of Varying the Downward Expansion (Noise Gate) Threshold

ROTATION POINT (LIMITING)

Input signals above a particular level, the rotation point, are attenuated (limited) by internal circuitry. This feature allows the SSM2167 to limit the maximum output, preventing clipping of the following stage, such as a codec or ADC. The rotation point for the SSM2167 is set internally to -24 dBV (63 mV rms).

SHUTDOWN FEATURE

The supply current of the SSM2167 can be reduced to under $10\ \mu\text{A}$ by applying an active low, 0 V CMOS-compatible input to the SHUTDOWN pin (Pin 3) of the SSM2167. In this state, the input and output circuitry of the SSM2167 assumes a high impedance state; as such, the potentials at the input pin and the output pin are determined by the external circuitry connected to the SSM2167. The SSM2167 takes approximately 200 ms to settle from a shutdown to power-on command. For power-on to shutdown, the SSM2167 requires more time, typically less than 1 sec . Cycling the power supply to the SSM2167 can result in quicker settling times: the off-to-on settling time of the SSM2167 is less than 200 ms , whereas the on-to-off settling time is less than 1 ms . The SSM2167 shutdown current is related to both temperature and voltage.

PCB LAYOUT CONSIDERATIONS

Because the SSM2167 is capable of wide bandwidth operation and can be configured for as much as 60 dB of gain, special care must be exercised in the layout of the PCB that contains the IC and its associated components. The following applications hints should be considered for the PCB.

The layout should minimize possible capacitive feedback from the output of the SSM2167 back to its input. Do not run input and output traces adjacent to each other.

A single-point (star) ground implementation is recommended in addition to maintaining short lead lengths and PCB runs. In applications where an analog ground and a digital ground are available, the SSM2167 and its surrounding circuitry should be connected to the analog ground of the system. As a result of these recommendations, wire-wrap board connections and grounding implementations are to be explicitly avoided.

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS



COMPLIANT TO JEDEC STANDARDS MO-187-BA

Figure 19. 10-Lead Mini Small Outline Package [MSOP] (RM-10)

Dimensions shown in millimeters

081708-A

ORDERING GUIDE

Model ¹	Temperature Range	Package Description	Package Option	Branding
SSM2167-1RMZ-REEL	-40°C to +85°C	10-Lead MSOP	RM-10	B11
SSM2167-1RMZ-R7	-40°C to +85°C	10-Lead MSOP	RM-10	B11
SSM2167Z-EVAL		Evaluation Board		

¹ Z = RoHS Compliant Part, # denotes RoHS compliant product may be top or bottom marked.

NOTES

Mouser Electronics

Authorized Distributor

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[SSM2167-1RMZ-R7](#) [SSM2167Z-EVAL](#) [SSM2167-1RMZ-REEL](#)